ENGRO CHEMICAL PAKISTAN LIMITED

Concept of Environmental Footprint of a Fertilizer Plant & Its Reduction Techniques

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Engro's Introduction – A Brief History

1965: Esso Pakistan Fertilizer Co. Ltd. 1991: Exxon divests its equity; company renamed Engro **Chemical Pakistan** Ltd after an employee led buyout - ISO-9001 (2001) ISO-14001(2003) - SA-8000 (2005) OHSAS-18001 (2005)





Environmental Policy

 Continuously improve environmental performance to achieve sustainable development

 Practice transparent public reporting of environmental performance



Environment Management Approach

- Compliance of National Environment Quality Standards
- Environmental foot print quantification
- Benchmarking with similar operations



Environment Management Approach

- Minimize ammonia emission
- Pursue energy conservation
- Pursue water conservation
- Responsible disposal of hazardous waste
- Reduction in noise in working areas
- Green area development on Site
- Eliminate the use of CFC gases

Environmental Footprint Development & Use

"You can only improve upon what you see or measure..." Dr Edward Deming • Quantify environmental impact activities: • Air emission quality & quantity • Effluent quality & quantity • Hazardous & non hazardous waste generation Natural resources consumption Noise

• Carcinogens in use

Environmental Footprint Development & Use

- Benchmarking against the best practices
- Identification of improvement opportunities
- Set long term environmental performance targets
- Public reporting of environmental performance



Engro's Environmental Footprint

- Developed annually since 2004
- Reported in Sustainability Report
- Focuses on three key impact areas:

Air Emissions

- Focus on ambient air quality & global environment
- Sources are; furnace, boilers, gas turbines, prill towers, process vents & powered vehicles
- CO emissions from furnace reduced by application of high emissivity coating
- Ammonia recovery & procedures improved to reduce venting
- Height of vents increased
- Vibro-Priller technology usage reduced dust emissions from prill towers even at higher through put

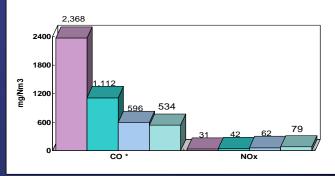


2005

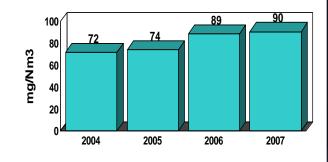
2006

2007

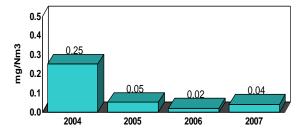
2004











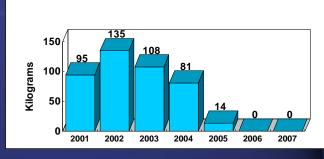
Global Environment

CFC Reduction

Elimination of CFC usage

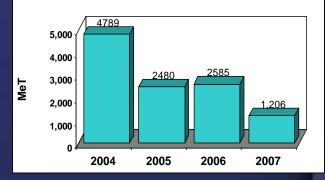
Reduction in Green House Gases

 Over the last 15 years, energy consumption reduced by 31.6%, per ton of urea produced



Freon-12

Manufactring

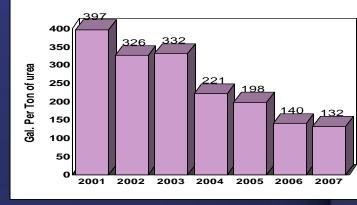


Total Site CO Generation (Combustion)

Effluent Discharge - Natural Resource Conservation

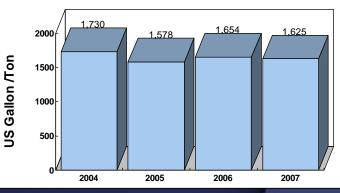
- Focus is on source elimination
- Hydrolyser / Stripper & collection network in place to treat ammonia laden effluent
- Since 2004, 30 % reduction in ammonia concentration in effluents going to canal & 50 % to evaporation ponds
- Water usage 522 m3/hour, generating about 70-90 m3/hour of wastewater, of which about ½ is recycled for agricultural use
- Domestic effluents is treated and used for horticultural usage. Fresh water saving of about 45 m3/hour

NEQS Compliant Effluent per Ton of Urea (Canal)



Water Consumption

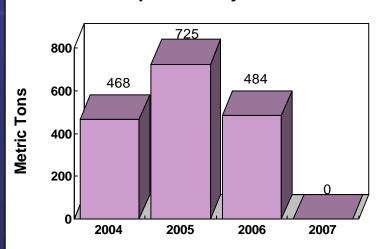




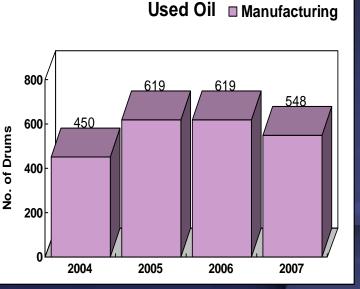
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Waste Management

- Spent catalyst has been disposed off for recycling & reuse
- Used lubrication oil, insulation & anthracite disposed off through recycling companies
- Lime sludge is disposed in a land fill



Spent Catalyst



Noise and Carcinogen Removal

Noise

- Vents with silencers ensure that the boundary limit noise level of 45 dBA is met even during shut down or start up
- Focus area is to reduce noise level at the plant

Carcinogens Removal

- Chromate replaced with a phosphatic treatment in cooling towers
- Hydrazine replaced with Eliminox as an oxygen scavenger in boiler feed-water
- Eliminated the use of asbestos gasket by switching to non-asbestos gasket

Land

- Tree plantation in and around our plant site and housing colony, over 2,000 trees planted in 2007
- Most of our unutilized land has been converted into lawns
- World Wildlife Fund (WWF) survey found our site home to 49 species of birds - over 20,000 migratory birds visit our ponds in their annual journey through the Indus Flyway



Future Environmental Plan & Challenges

Salient environmental targets for 2008 are:

- Finalize proposal to convert energy source of street lights & water heater to solar power
- Reduce Green House Gases emissions through energy conservation projects
- Environmentally friendly disposal of solid waste
- Finalize a Clean Developing Mechanism Project
- Finalize waste water recovery Study

